





## Our Clothes

### Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

- Ans.** 1. We wear clothes to cover our body to protect ourselves from heat, cold and rain.  
2. We get wool from sheep.

**B. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) :**

**Tick (3) the correct option :**

- Ans.** 1. cotton                      2. winter

Summative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Answer the following questions :**

- Ans.** 1. Fur is the skin of animals like mink and fox.  
2. The clothes we use to protect ourselves from rain are called raincoats.

**B. Write True or False :**

- Ans.** 1. True              2. False              3. False              4. True

**C. Fill in the blanks :**

- Ans.** 1. Early man covered his body with **skin of animals** and **leaves**.  
2. Raincoats are usually made of **rubber**.  
3. Silkworms give us **silk**.  
4. We wear **cotton** clothes in summer.

**D. Tick (3) the correct word :**

- Ans.** 1. plants              2. artificial              3. Synthetic              4. animals

Activity

- Ans.** Do it yourself



## The House We Live In

### Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

- Ans.** 1. We need a house to live in and to protect ourselves from heat, cold, rain and stormy weather.  
2. Mason builds pucca house.

**B. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) :**

**Tick (3) the correct option :**

- Ans.** 1. huts                      2. bungalows

Summative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Answer the following questions :**

- Ans.** 1. A Kutch house is made from unbaked bricks, mud, straws and wood.  
2. A Pucca house is made from baked bricks, cement, stones and iron.  
3. The Architect draws the plan of the house.  
4. An ideal house is that which is airy and sunny.

**B. Write True or false :**

- Ans.** 1. True      2. False      3. True      4. False      5. True

**C. Fill in the blanks :**

- Ans.** 1. Our house is our **Shelter**.  
2. A **family** live together in a house.  
3. A house give us **peace** and comfort.  
4. A house must have plenty of **sunlight** and fresh air.

**D. The following people help in building a pucca house or a multi-storeyed building. Look at the pictures and write their names :**

**Ans.**



Carpenter



Mason



Plumber

**Activity**

**Ans.** Do it yourself



4

Chapter

## Our Neighbours

Unit-2 :  
Our Neighborhood

### Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

- Ans.** 1. By respecting their religions and customs, we can live in harmony with our neighbours.  
2. We can keep our neighbourhood clean by not spoiling the parks of our neighbourhood. Also for this we should not throw garbage on the streets or in the drains.

**B. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) :**

**Tick (3) the correct option :**

- Ans.** 1. big family      2. neighbours

Summative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Answer the following questions :**

- Ans.** 1. A neighbourhood is a locality where many families live together.  
2. When there is a tragedy in our neighbourhood, we should console the family concerned and help them in different ways.

**B. Write 'Yes' or 'No' :**







- Ans.** 1. We celebrate Dussehra and Diwali for the following reasons :
- Dussehra** : It is believed that Lord Rama had killed the demon Ravana on this day.
  - Diwali** : It is believed that Lord Rama returned to Ayodhya on this day after 14 years of exile.
2. Janmashthmi is an important festival of the Hindus. It is celebrated to mark the birthday of Lord Krishna.
3. Celebration of religious festivals is important as these create a feeling of love and brotherhood among the people.

**B. Write True or False :**

- Ans.** 1. True      2. False      3. True      4. True

**C. Fill in the blanks :**

- Ans.** 1. Christmas is celebrated on **25 December** every year.  
 2. On Diwali, people worship **Laxmi**, the Goddess of **Wealth**.  
 3. The Bengalis celebrate Dussehra as **Durga Puja**.  
 4. The main religious festival of the Jains is **Mahavir Jayanti**.  
 5. Dussehra is also called **Vijaya Dashmi**.

**D. Match the pictures with the festivals :**

**Ans.**

Diwali → 

Eid → 

Christmas → 

Guru Parva → 

Janmashtmi → 

**Activity**

- Ans.** Do it yourself



## Harvest Festivals

### Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

- Ans.** 1. People of Tamil Nadu worship the 'Sun God' and the Rain God as both the rain and the sun help in growing paddy their main crop.  
 2. It is believed Hiranyakashyap was a very cruel king. He wished to be worshipped as God but his own son Prahalad was the true worshipper of God and he refused to worship his father. To punish Prahalad Hiranyakashyapa asked his sister Holika to sit in the fire with Prahalad in her lap.

**B. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) :**

**Tick (3) the correct option :**

- Ans.** 1. Pongal      2. Onam

Summative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Answer the following questions :**

- Ans.** 1. Holika was burnt and Prahlad came out of fire alive.  
2. The processions of decorated elephant and boat races are great attractions of the festival of Onam.  
3. Pongal is an important harvest festival of Tamil Nadu. It is celebrated in January when the main crop of Tamil Nadu, paddy (rice) is harvested.

**B. Write True or False :**

- Ans.** 1. False      2. False      3. True      4. True      5. False      6. True

**C. Fill in the blanks :**

- Ans.** 1. India is an **agricultural** country.  
2. On Holi children throw coloured water with **pitchkari** at each other.  
3. Holika was given a **boon** that fire would not burn her.  
4. The first day of Pongal festival is celebrated as **Bhog** Pongal.  
5. **Hiranyakashyapa** was a very cruel king. He wished to be worshipped as **God**.

**D. Tick (3) the correct word :**

- Ans.** 1. spring                                      2. Tamil Nadu                                      3. Holi  
4. Rain    5. Wheat

**Activity**

- Ans.** Do it yourself

**Formative Assessment-II (CCE Pattern)**

**Max Marks : 20**

**A. Name the following buildings :**

**5**

**Ans.**



School



Post Office



Bank



Hospital



Police Station

**B. Tick (3) the correct option :**

**4**

- Ans.** 1. bank      2. fire brigade      3. recreation      4. Janmashtmi

**C. Circle the odd one out :**

**3**

- Ans.** 1. Pongal  
2. Independence day  
3. Christmas

**D. Answer the following questions :**

**8**

- Ans.** 1. Every locality should have a clinic so that in case of an emergency we can get treatment immediately.  
2. The fire-brigade helps us by extinguishing the fire breaks out in our locality.  
3. Activities that we enjoy during in our free time are called recreation.  
4. On Diwali night, people light their houses and shops with earthen diyas, candles and bulbs.

**A. Fill in the blanks :**

10

- Ans.** 1. Early man covered his body with **skin of animal** and **leaves**.  
 2. Raincoats are usually made of **rubber**.  
 3. Our houses are our **Shelter**.  
 4. A neighbourhood is like a big **family**.  
 5. Our money remains **safe** in the bank.

**B. Write True or false :**

5

- Ans.** 1. False      2. True      3. True      4. True      5. True

**C. Answer in 'Yes or No' :**

5

- Ans.** 1. Yes      2. No      3. No      4. No      5. Yes

**D. Answer the following questions :**

20

- Ans.** 1. Fur is the skin of animals like mink and fox.  
 2. A Kutcha house is made from unbaked bricks, mud, straws and wood.  
 3. Every locality should have at least a primary school to make it easier for children to go to the school.  
 4. The various ways of recreation at home are, reading storybooks and comics, watching TV, listening to music, playing indoor games such as ludo, carrom, chess or snakes and ladders.  
 5. We celebrate Dussehra and Diwali for the following reasons :  
 (i) **Dussehra** : It is believed that Lord Rama had killed the demon Ravana on this day.  
 (ii) **Diwali** : It is believed that Lord Rama returned to Ayodhya on this day after 14 years of exile.  
 6. Plants and Animals are the two main sources of food.  
 7. A neighbourhood is a locality where many families live together.  
 8. The main duty of the police is to help us when we are in trouble. They catch thieves, robbers and other criminals.



## National Festivals

### Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

- Ans.** 1. The National Festivals are more important than religious and harvest festivals because they are celebrated by all the Indians all over the country.  
 2. National Festivals create a feelings of unity among all Indians as they are celebrated by all communities and all over India. They create a feeling of unity among all Indians.

**B. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) :**

**Tick (3) the correct option :**

- Ans.** 1. Mahatma Gandhi 2. Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Summative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Answer the following questions :**

- Ans.** 1. Mahatma Gandhi was born on 2nd October, 1869 at Porbandar in Gujarat.  
2. The main attraction of the Republic Day parade are the March Past in which the armed forces, police, N.C.C. cadets and school children, etc. and the colourful tableaux of various states.  
3. On this day, the people pay homage on the Samadhi of Gandhiji at Rajghat.

**B. Write True or False :**

- Ans.** 1. False 2. False 3. True 4. True 5. False

**C. Fill in the blanks :**

- Ans.** 1. **Mahatma Gandhi** is called the 'Father of the Nation'.  
2. On the Independence Day, the **Prime Minister** of India hoists the National Flag at the Red Fort.  
3. On The Republic Day the main function is held at **Rajpath**.  
4. Mahatma Gandhi's samadhi is at **Rajghat**.  
5. The Teacher's Day is celebrated in the memory of **Dr. S. Radha Krishnan**.  
6. The Children's Day is celebrated in the memory of **Pt. Jawahar lal Nehru**.

**D. Match the following :**

- Ans.** 1. 15th August (c) Independence Day  
2. 26th January (d) Republic Day  
3. 5th September (a) Teacher's Day  
4. 2nd October (e) Gandhi Jayanti  
5. 14th November (b) Children's Day



**Chapter 10 Means of Transport** Transport and Communication

Unit-4 :

Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

- Ans.** 1. The means by which we travel or carry our goods from one place to another are called 'Means of Transport'.  
2. Generally bullock-carts, horse-carts and camel-carts are used in villages. This is because pucca roads are not found in most of the villages.

**B. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) :**

**Tick (3) the correct option :**

- Ans.** 1. iron rails 2. air transport

Summative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Answer the following questions :**

- Ans.** 1. In the hilly areas, horses, mules, ponies and yaks are the common means of transport.  
2. The main advantage of rail transport is that it is a cheap and convenient means for travelling long distance on land.  
3. A helicopter is mainly used for taking few passengers or goods to the areas where there are no railway lines.

**B. Write True or False :**

- Ans.** 1. False    2. True    3. True    4. False    5. False    6. True

**C. Fill in the blanks :**

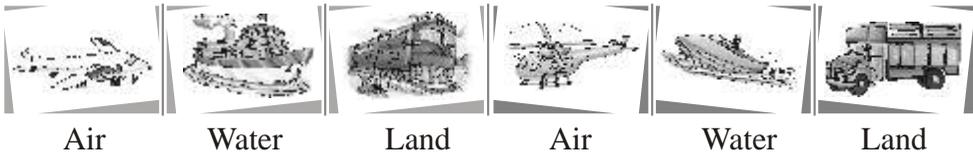
- Ans.** 1. The **elephants** are used to carry heavy logs of wood in the forests.  
2. The yaks are used in the **hilly** areas as the means of transport.  
3. The bullock-carts are used mainly in the **villages** as the means of transport.  
4. The special aeroplanes carrying goods only are called **cargo** planes.  
5. A **helicopter** can land even in the remotest areas.

**D. Name the following :**

- Ans.** 1. (a) Scooters    (b) Buses    (c) Train    (d) Cars    (e) Trucks  
2. (a) Boats    (b) Ships    (c) Steamers  
3. (a) Bullock-carts    (b) Horse-carts    (c) Rickshaws  
(d) Boat    (e) Bicycles  
4. (a) Huge ship    (b) Aeroplanes

**E. The pictures of some means of transport are given below. Write land, water or air below each picture :**

**Ans.**



Activity

**Ans.** Do it yourself



## Means of Communication

### Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

- Ans.** 1. The means by which we send and receive messages are called “Means of Communication.”  
2. Television is the most popular means of mass communication because we can watch various programmes such as films, cartoons, plays, serials, sports programmes etc. on T.V.



3. Generally bullock-carts, horse-carts and camel-carts are used in villages. This is because pucca roads are not found in most of the villages.
4. The means by which we send and receive messages are called “Means of Communication.”



## Road Safety

### Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

- Ans.** 1. Traffic rules should be followed by all road users.  
 2. Most of the road accidents occurred on the roads because some people don't follow the traffic rules.

**B. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) :**

**Tick (3) the correct option :**

- Ans.** 1. cross road                      2. stop

Summative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Answer the following questions :**

- Ans.** 1. The pedestrians should walk in the corners of the road if there is no special path for them to walk. They should cross the road only at Zebra Crossing.  
 2. The drivers of motor vehicles must be very careful while overtaking and they should never cross the speed limit.  
 3. Never try to board a moving bus, lean out the windows of the bus and never get down from a moving bus.

**B. Write True or False :**

- Ans.** 1. False            2. True            3. False            4. True            5. False

**C. Fill in the blanks :**

- Ans.** 1. Pedestrians should cross the road at **Zebra crossing**.  
 2. The place where four roads meet is called the **cross road**.  
 3. Traffic policemen give signal by **hand**.  
 4. The road should be crossed only when the signal is **green**.  
 5. The city roads are usually very **crowded**.

Activity

- Ans.** Do it yourself



## Directions

Unit-5 :  
Our Environment

### Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

- Ans.** 1. We know that the sun rises in the east. With this we can easily find the





**Ans.** 1. autumn 2. rainy

Summative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Answer the following questions :**

**Ans.** 1. When the weather remains almost same for a few months, it is called a season.

2. **Summer season**

**Winter season**

(a) It is the hot weather season.

(a) It is the cold weather season.

(b) In it we wear light cotton clothes.

(b) In it we wears heavy woollen clothes.

3. Some areas are flooded due to heavy rains and some katcha houses collapse and some rivers overflow their banks.

**B. Write True or False :**

**Ans.** 1. True

2. False

3. False

4. False

5. True

**C. Fill in the blanks :**

**Ans.** 1. During **spring** season the flower bloom all around.

2. Some Kutch homes collapse during **rainy** season.

3. The high mountains are covered with **snow** during winter season.

4. The rivers overflow their **banks** during rainy season.

5. The farmers wait eagerly for the **rainy** season.

**D. Write the names of the season and food used against each of the following months :**

**Ans.** June

**Summer (light food such as khichdi, daliya, curd)**

August

**Rainy (kachori, curd, tea)**

January

**Winter (hot food such Non-veg, eggs)**

March

**Spring (Daal, chapati, salad)**

Activity

**Ans.** Do it yourself



## Formation of Day And Night

### Exercise

Formative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Oral Questions :**

**Ans.** 1. The day and night are formed due to rotation of the Earth once in 24 hours.

2. The mean of a.m. is before noon and the mean of p.m. is after noon.

**B. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) :**

**Tick (3) the correct option :**

**Ans.** 1. night

2. day

Summative Assessment (CCE Pattern)

**A. Answer the following questions :**

- Ans.** 1. The difference between the position of the sun in the morning and in the evening is that in morning the sun is in East and in evening it is in west.  
 2. The revolving of the earth on its own axis is called rotation.  
 3. There are 60 minutes in an hour.

**B. Write True or False :**

- Ans.** 1. False      2. False      3. True      4. False      5. False

**C. Fill in the blanks :**

- Ans.** 1. The early men could guess the time by the position of the **sun** in the sky.  
 2. The hour hand takes **twelve** hours to go round the clock.  
 3. There are **60** seconds in a minute.  
 4. It is **dawn** just at the time of sunrise.  
 5. The Earth rotates on its **axis** once in 24 hours.

**D. Match the activities you normally do at the following hours :**

- Ans.** Get up from your bed      6 a.m.  
 Go to school      8 a.m.  
 Return from school      2 p.m.  
 Play games      5 p.m.  
 Go to sleep      9 p.m.

**Activity**

- Ans.** Do it yourself

**Formative Assessment-IV (CCE Pattern)**

**Max Marks : 20**

**A. Name the following seasons :**

**5**

**Ans.**



Summer  
Season



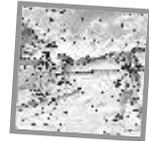
Spring  
Season



Winter  
Season



Autumn  
Season



Rainy  
Season

**B. Tick (3) the correct option :**

**5**

- Ans.** 1. east      2. east      3. orange  
 4. autumn      5. night

**C. Name these :**

**4**

- Ans.** 1. Plateaus      2. Mountains  
 3. Valley      4. Evening

**D. Answer the following questions :**

**6**

- Ans.** 1. Directions are the words that help us to locate a place.  
 2. By knowing the directions we can locate a place on a globe or a map.  
 3. Spring season is considered to be the best season because it is neither too hot nor too cold.  
 4. The day and night are formed due to rotation of the earth once in 24 hours.

