

1 The Sentence

Time To Work

A. Identify the sentences given below as declarative, interrogative, imperative or exclamatory sentences :

- Ans.**
1. The final match of the World Cup will be telecast today. **declarative**
 2. Have you ever been to Sri Lanka? **interrogative**
 3. Clear the kitchen before the guests arrive. **imperative**
 4. Do you know Mr. Sharma? **interrogative**
 5. My sister will receive you at the station. **declarative**
 6. Bravo! You have done extremely well in the examinations. **exclamatory**
 7. We are travelling from Jaffna to Colombo by road. **declarative**
 8. Practise well to perform better in the competition. **imperative**
 9. What a wonderful piece of work it is! **exclamatory**
 10. I don't have time to discuss the problem now. **declarative**

B. Rewrite the sentences following the instructions given in the brackets :

- Ans.**
2. How beautiful Aishwarya looks!
 3. I did not visit New Delhi last year.
 4. Before how long was the Everest formed?
 5. Does Sourav play football?
 6. Trees produce food to feed themselves.
 7. Kathmadnu is the capital of Nepal. Isn't it?
 8. Please help me with my homework.
 9. You should exercise for one hour everyday.
 10. This is the correct answer.
 11. I didn't remain quiet.
 12. Everybody knows this.
 13. Does everyone know this?
 14. I wished to come soon.
 15. It is useless to worry about such small issues.
 16. No Sooner he saw the policeman, he ran.

C. Rearrange the following words and phrases to form meaningful sentences as directed in the brackets.

- Ans.**
1. How worried the youngman looks!
 2. How many sources of stress are there in our lives? Do you know?
 3. There are four common sources of stress in our lives.

4. The first one can be external or internal pressure.
5. Can unreal internal stress cause goals and expectations?
6. Did you know that due to outside factors, external stress takes place.

2 Kinds of Sentences (Based on Structure)



Time To Work

A. Say which of the following sentences are simple, which are compound, and which are complex. Also point out the clauses in case of compound and complex sentences :

- Ans.**
- | | |
|--|-----------------|
| 1. He succeeded in his attempt. | Simple |
| 2. You must work hard or you will fail. | Compound |
| 3. A guest is unwelcome when he stays long. | Complex |
| 4. Anupam is a handsome young man. | Simple |
| 5. You must apologise or you will be punished. | Compound |
| 6. I hit him and made him cry. | Compound |
| 7. She stood first in the class. | Simple |
| 8. I consulted the doctor because I was ill. | Complex |
| 9. We returned home when the sun set. | Complex |
| 10. He wanted to buy a new coat but had no money. | Compound |
| 11. He started two minutes late, but he arrived in time. | Compound |
| 12. We desire to succeed, therefore we work. | Compound |
| 13. We do not like the boys who are lazy. | Complex |
| 14. If you do not apologise, you will be punished. | Complex |
| 15. God made the country and man made the town. | Compound |
| 16. I engaged a tutor because I was weak in mathematics. | Complex |

B. Join the following pairs of sentences with coordinating conjunctions to form compound sentence :

- Ans.**
1. They knocked at the door but no one opened the door.
 2. She is not well so she needs someone to look after her.
 3. Neither he spoke politely nor visited to me.
 4. The time given was short but he managed to complete his work.
 5. He is intelligent and hard-working.
 6. I went home and had my lunch.
 7. He gave the food and clothes to wear the poor girl.
 8. I am very happy therefore I have to work very hard here.

3 The Noun : Kinds of Nouns



Time To Work

A. Circle the nouns that are wrong. Then correct the sentences and rewrite :

- Ans. 1. This **furniture** costs me the earth.
2. Have they finished all their **homework**?
3. Little **knowledge** is a dangerous thing.
4. The armed **forces** were given a raise in salary.
5. Her **remains** were strewn over the hill side according to her last wish.
6. These cups are made of **silver**.
7. Do you know **something** about mechanic?
8. The snake's mouth was opened to collect **venom**.
9. I like your blue **jeans**.
10. She walked up the **stairs** in great hurry.

B. Fill up the following blanks with the nouns given in the box :

- Ans. 1. Our team won the match.
2. Birbal was famous for his wisdom.
3. A committee of ten was appointed.
4. People are wearing woollen clothes as it is too cold.
5. The mob was getting agitated.
6. These coins are made of silver.
7. A flock of sheep was grazing.
8. The police fired at the mob.
9. Clothes are made of cotton.
10. Our classroom has two blackboards.

Time To Work

A. Identify the types of nouns as proper, common, collective, material or abstract in the following passage :

- Ans. The age of the **Earth** has been a **matter** of great debate.
(abstract noun) (proper noun) (abstract noun)
In 1650 **James Ussher** first calculated 4004 BC as the
(Proper Noun)
year of **creation** of the **Earth** using the **Bible**. Later,
(abstract noun) (proper noun) (proper noun)
Charles Darwin concluded that the **Earth** was extremely
(Proper noun) (Proper noun)
Old based on his **observation** that vast **amount** of **time**
(abstract noun) (abstract noun) (abstract noun)
Was required to the **natural** selection and **evolution** of
(abstract noun) (abstract noun)
Species Recently the **discovery** of radioactivity helped **scientists**
(abstract noun) (common noun)

to make precise **calculations**. Radioactive dating shows
(abstract noun)

meteorites from the time of **creation** to be about 4.55 billion
(Common noun) (abstract noun)

years **old**. Presently the **atmosphere** has 21% **oxygen**,
(abstract noun) (abstract noun) (proper noun)

78% **nitrogen**, 0.04% **carbon dioxide** and 0.9% **argon**.
(proper noun) (proper noun) (proper noun)

The **atmosphere** had a different **composition** at the
(abstract noun) (abstract noun)

beginning. In the first billion years, the molten surface of
the **Earth** was cooling **Volcanoes**

(proper noun) (common noun)

emitted massive amounts of **ammonia**,

(Proper noun)

methane, (Proper Noun) **carbon dioxide** (Proper Noun) and steam.

There was no **oxygen** (Proper Noun) in the **atmosphere** then.

(abstract noun)

B. There are errors in the use of collective nouns. Correct and rewrite the sentences. One has been done for you :

- Ans.**
1. I saw a pride of lions when I went out this morning.
 2. A swarm of bees was visible at a distance.
 3. Check out the chest of drawers.
 4. I need to buy a set of tools.
 5. The crowd of fans was eager to meet the popular author.
 6. A regiment of soldiers strored into the premises.
 7. A troupe of dancers stood ready for the show.
 8. A fleet of cars stood ready.
 9. I bought a bouquet of flowers for my mother.
 10. A mob of people gathered near the gate.

C. Choose nouns from the box to complete the passage. State the type of each noun :

Ans. There were two **possessions** (abstract noun) of which James and Della both took a mighty **watch** (common). One was Jim's **gold** (material) watch that had been his father's and his grandfather's. Della visited a hundred **time** (abstract) before she found the perfect **gift** (Common) for Jim. It was a **platinum** (material) fob chain, simple and chaste in **design** (common), properly proclaiming its **description** (abstract) by **pride** (abstract) alone and not by ornamentation. It was like him. Quietness and value the **substance** (material) applied to both. With that **value** (abstract) on his watch Jim might be properly **anxious** (abstract) about the **stores** (collective) in any company. Grand as the gold **chain** (common) was, he sometimes looked at is it on the sly on account of the old leather **strap** (common) that he used in place of a chain.

D. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. Bacon said, “**Knowledge** is power.”
2. **Laughter** is the best medicine.
3. **Beauty** is skin deep.
4. What Oliver needed was a little love and **kindness**.
5. Mridula does her work with **sincerity** and **dedication**.
6. Every year we go on a **pilgrimage** to Tirupati.
7. “We shall eliminate **poverty**,” say the politicians.
8. Gerald Durrell's wit and **clarity** of style make his books a delight to read.
9. The police appreciated the driver's **honesty**.
10. Suresh drew great **comfort** from his family's support.
11. The rains brought some **relief** to the summer's heat.
12. **Punctuality** is the mark of a great person.
13. Meditation leads to **relaxation** and makes you feel more healthy.
14. You must choose between **wisdom** and **richness**.

E. Circle the odd noun out :

- Ans.** 1. banana spinach custard apple pineapple peach
2. acupuncture X-ray acupressure physiotherapy chemotherapy
3. diamond topaz silver ruby sapphire
4. flat house apartment caravan beach
5. trawler dinghy catamaran caravan rowboat
6. mouse monitor printer table scanner
7. thermometer seismograph altimeter kilometre sextant
8. floor table desk bed chair
9. cumin seeds cloves cinnamon nutmeg tomato
10. walker jogger spinner sprinter runner
11. admiral commander inspector captain lieutenant

Time To Work

Add ('), (-s) or (-'s) to show possession :

- Ans.** 1. The horse's neighing
2. My brother's classmate
3. Jolly's house
4. Road's side
5. A month's salary
6. My uncle's wish
7. The boy's toys
8. The sister's toys
9. The clown's antics
10. Rohit's friends
11. It's fish
12. Men's coats

4 Pronouns



Time To Work

A. Choose the correct word from the brackets :

- Ans.** 1. which 2. that 3. who
4. whose 5. that 6. which

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable Pronouns :

- Ans.** 1. All **that** glitters is not gold.
2. She is the matron **whom** they have just appointed.
3. One should love **one's** country.
4. **What** are you looking for?
5. He is one of those boys **who** deserves punishment.
6. He is the man **who** can be relied upon.
7. Nobody is satisfied with **that** lot.
8. My house is better than **that** of my cousin.
9. It is the same mistake **which** he committed.
10. I dislike **her** playing video games so often.

C. Tick mark (3) the correct words given in the brackets :

- Ans.** 1. me 2. her 3. him 4. me 5. she

D. Join the following pairs of sentences by means of Relative Pronouns :

- Ans.** 1. No man who can shun one's destiny.
2. The conference that was held in Rome was a success.
3. Honours are like shadows which fly from seekers.
4. Everything which Midas touched, turned to gold.
5. She spoke to the victim whose arm was in a sling.
6. I have read the play which were written by Shakespeare.
7. Here is the book that I told you about.
8. They heard the news that astonished them.
9. I wish to go to school which is in Mussoorie.
10. Here is the doctor who has missionary zeal.

5 Adjectives



Time To Work

Fill up the blanks with the suitable adjectives :

- Ans.** 1. Have you any **right** answer to give?
2. The **kind** old woman lives in a wretched hut.
3. She was listened to in **complete** silence.
4. A wise enemy is better than a **fool** friend.
5. A small leak may sink a **big** boat.
6. The brave man hates a **coward** fellow.
7. An apple is sweet but a tamarind is **sour**.
8. Mohit cannot have it **own** ways.
9. The pencil was not sharp; it was **blunt**.
10. A live fly is better than a **dead** tiger.

Time To Work

A. Select the correct word given in the brackets in the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. You need not go (**further**, farther) into the matter.

2. Can you do this without (farther, **further**) delay?
3. The (**last**, latest) chapter of the book is very important.
4. Rohit is the (eldest, **oldest**) worker in the factory.
5. No (less, **fewer**) than ten applicants got the job.
6. Mine is the (later, **last**) bench in the row.
7. This is the (older, **oldest**) temple in Mathura.
8. Tell her to meet without (many, **much**) delay.
9. What is the (fresh, **latest**) news of today?
10. The injured was taken to the (next, **nearest**) hospital.

B. Fill in the blanks with the proper degrees of adjectives given in the brackets :

- Ans.**
1. They are **the best** off this year.
 2. Of the two girls, she is **more beautiful**.
 3. He is my **elder** son.
 4. He reached the playground **the latest** of all.
 5. He is **the oldest** of all the persons in the town.
 6. Gold is **more precious** than any other metal.
 7. They live in the **upper most** storey.
 8. Delhi is **farther** from here than Chennai
 9. Choose the **least** of the two evils.
 10. Your handwriting is **better** than mine.

6 Determiners



Time To Work

A. Fill in the blanks with : some, any, each, every, either, neither :

- Ans.**
1. You may take **either** side and win the case.
 2. Are there **some** books in the shelf?
 3. Five people stood in **each** row.
 4. He will pay **some** price for achieving success.
 5. **Each** side has won the match.
 6. Girls were given two pens **each**.
 7. I saw **every** students in the class.

B. Fill in the blanks with : a few, some, much, many, any, both, all :

- Ans.**
1. My father gives me **some** advice.
 2. Only **a few** people think about others.
 3. **Both** the Principal and the Vice-Principal are busy in the meeting.
 4. She ate **many** mangoes and **a few** were delicious.
 5. **All** my money was lost.
 6. How **much** money do you want?
 7. Please get ready, the train may arrive **any** time?

C. Fill in the blanks with Articles where necessary. Put (7) where an Article is not necessary :

- Ans. 1. The train left half **an** hour ago.
2. Sunshine is necessary for **a** good health.
3. Life is not always **the** bed of roses.
4. To be or not to be; that is **a** question.
5. Only **the** sky is **a** limit.

D. Insert in the blanks the correct determiners from those given in the brackets :

- Ans. 1. **None** of the students could solve the sum.
2. It rained **each** day during the holidays.
3. I shall be the **last** person to do it.
4. **Each** student attends the seminar.
5. We received **much** help from our neighbours.
6. You may do this work on **any** day.
7. **A little** knowledge is a dangerous thing.
8. Have you **any** spare note- book?

7 Verbs



Time To Work

A. Choose the most suitable verb from the brackets and complete the sentences. The first one has been done for you :

- Ans. 2. The aeroplane **zoomed** over our heads.
3. The pickpocket was **surrounded** by angry women.
4. The duck **waddled** to the pond.
5. The baby **toddled** across the room.
6. The owl **flapped** through the dark wood.
7. The eagle **swooped** down on its prey.
8. The horseman **rode** swiftly across the plain.

B. Choose from this box the best verb for each sentence given below and fill in the blanks. The first one has been done for you :

- Ans. 2. The old man **plodded** slowly up the hill.
3. The Express Train **thundered** through the station.
4. The national flag was **fluttering** in the breeze.
5. The sea gulls were **wheeling** in the air above our heads.
6. We had to **push** our way through the crowd.
7. The old gate **creaked**.
8. The candle **lickered** in the wind.

Time To Work

Fill in the blanks with appropriate transitive verbs :

- Ans. 1. My mother **ainted** the vase.

2. Jhonny **took** his household chores.
3. I **wrote** a letter yesterday.
4. Sarita **narrated** a number of stories.
5. The boy **kicks** the football.
6. She **kept** the money safely.
7. The shot **sank** the ship.
8. She **locked** her suitcase.
9. The man **polished** in front of the car.
10. The dog **ate** the meat.

Time To Work

Rewrite each sentence correctly :

- Ans.**
1. Her heart **overflowed** with love.
 2. I have never **done** and will never do such a thing.
 3. One girl is passed and nine **are** failed.
 4. He went to the church **to say** prayers.
 5. We hope that she will **not be** fail.
 6. She has never **told** and will never tell a lie.
 7. Lying under a tree, **she was bitten by a snake**.
 8. I want to **lie** down on the green grass.
 9. My sister is eighteen years old and I **am** of sixteen.
 10. Being rainy day, I didn't go out.
 11. The peon has not **rung** the bell yet.
 12. Sitting **at** the gate, he was sitting by a scorpion.

8 Anomalous Finites



Time To Work

A. Fill in the blanks with the finites of the verb "be" :

- Ans.**
1. The minister **is** to preside over the function.
 2. Have you ever **been** to a museum.
 3. Students **are** being taught.
 4. The late-comers **were** fined.
 5. The militants **are** being funded by Pakistan.

B. Fill in the blanks with 'do', 'does' or 'did' :

- Ans.**
1. You like hot coffee and so **do** I.
 2. What will you **do** now?
 3. My father does the Yoga and so **do** I.
 4. Did you complete your project in time? Yes, I **did**.
 5. I am sure, it was Kartik who **did** this act.

Time To Work

A. Fill in the blanks with 'have', 'has' or 'had' :

- Ans.** 1. **Has** the culprit something to say?
2. We shall **have** to start a new business.
3. Naitik **had** his haircut yesterday.
4. You don't **have** to go to school on a holiday.
5. He **had** a car when he was in job.

B. Fill in the blanks with 'may' or 'might' :

- Ans.** 1. If the opposition wished, it **might** raise the issue in the Parliament.
2. Our freedom fighters died so that we **may** live.
3. The father hoped that all his sons **might** live together.
4. You **may** ask your father's opinion.

Time To Work

A. Fill in the blanks with 'can' or 'could' :

- Ans.** 1. **Can** I go to the theatre today?
2. If I **could** help, I would definitely do.
3. The man is dumb so he **can** not speak.
4. I'll come as soon as I **can**.

B. Fill in the blanks with 'shall' or 'will' :

- Ans.** 1. **Shall** I bring you a glass of water?
2. I think he **will** play in this match.
3. If you get 90% marks, you **will** get a prize.
4. They **will** remain in the lock-up.

Time To Work

Fill in the blanks with 'must', 'ought to' or 'need' :

- Ans.** 1. You **must** get the files ready before the meeting.
2. We **ought to** respect our national flag.
3. **Need** I go there in such a bad weather?
4. We **ought to** keep this secret, it is not very important.
5. I **must** have my money back.

Time To Work

A. Fill in the blanks with 'should' or 'would' :

- Ans.** 1. If wishes was horses, beggars **would** ride.
2. We **should** trust in God and do the right.
3. **Would** you like to have ice-cream now?
4. **Would** you find any difficulty, contact me.
5. **Should** that I were very rich!
6. **Would** you mind opening the door?

B. Fill in the blanks with 'dare', or 'used to' :

- Ans.** 1. The students **used to** respect their teachers.
2. How **dare** you enter my room?
3. He **used to** go to his bed late.
4. She **used to** take coffee after meals.

5. Nobody **dare** to speak against the boss.
6. We are not **dare** cold climate.

C. Fill in the blanks with the correct auxiliary, choosing it from those given in brackets :

- Ans.**
1. **May** speak to the Chief Guest?
 2. All of us **should be** punctual.
 3. He **can** win a scholarship if he works hard.
 4. You **should** finish this work by tomorrow.
 5. If he **could** help, he would.
 6. **Would** you see him, convey him this message.
 7. Nobody **dare** oppose the President.

9 Conditional Sentences



Time To Work

A. Add a suitable present or past tense verb to complete each conditional sentence :

- Ans.**
1. If you don't have an umbrella, you **will get** wet in the rain.
 2. If the poles of two magnets are opposite, they **will oppose** each other.
 3. If you place ice in the sun, it **will melt**.
 4. If a cat is contended, it **will not bite**.
 5. In the Stone Age, if people had no fire, they **would not have cooked** their meat raw.
 6. If the hounds pick up a scent, they **will have to finish** their prey until they corner it.
 7. If an elephant in a herd is in distress, the others **would have** to help it.

B. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb in brackets to express the imaginary situations :

- Ans.** Penicillin was discovered because Dr Alexander Fleming happened to notice something unusual growing in one of his experiments. If he **had not noticed** that growth, penicillin **would not have been discovered**. If penicillin **had not been discovered**, many people **would have been died** from illness and wounds.

C. Rewrite the following sentences using 'unless' 'instead' of 'if' :

- Ans.**
1. Unless you invite her, she would never talk to you.
 2. Unless you give a guarantee of its quality, I would not buy this jeans.
 3. Unless nobody support this idea, I will drop it.
 4. Unless you get your scooter repaired now, it will cause much nuisance.
 5. Unless you are polite, she would never talk to you.
 6. If the patient feels pain, you should not give him this injection.
 7. If I had rung him up, he would not have come to my party.
 8. Unless you buy a ticket, you will not enter the theater.

D. Join each pair of sentences into a single sentences without using 'and or but' :

- Ans.** 1. Unless Pakistan acts quickly, terrorism will spread fast.
2. If she doesn't save some money, she will face many problems in future.
3. Unless they fail, they will lose their bet.
4. Unless you work fast, you won't finish the job.
5. Unless she apologizes, the teacher will not allow her to attend classes.
6. Unless you qualify this test, you can't be selected.
7. Unless he agree to pay the money, he will go to prison.
8. Unless you get a visa, you can't enter the USA.
9. If we do not buy tickets, we cannot enter the cinema hall.
10. Unless she invites me, I will not come.

10 Adverbs



Time To Work

A. Place the Adverbs (given in brackets) in a suitable position in the sentence without emphasizing it :

- Ans.** 1. He **often** refers to a dictionary.
2. They won't give us our share **ever**.
3. The play had **hardly** started when the electricity failed.
4. The boy had **never** heard of Marconi.
5. Do you **usually** make spelling mistakes?
6. Haven't **ever** you heard of Charles Dickens?
7. The architect has **almost** completed the design of the building.
8. The teacher has **just** marked the papers.
9. **Seldom** he has attend the weekly meetings.
10. Have you **merely** glanced through the newspaper?

B. Insert the correct Adverb in the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. very 2. hard 3. ago 4. very 5. a little
6. rarely 7. too 8. just now 9. late 10. gradually

11 Articles



Time To Work

A. Fill in the blanks with 'a', 'an', or 'the':

- Ans.** 1. He has too high **an** opinion for you.
2. My sister has **an** umbrella.
3. Which is **the** highest TV tower in the world?
4. I always speak **the** truth.
5. He is in **the** seventh running lane.

6. Everybody wants to be **an** honourable person.
7. English is not **an** easy language.
8. It is not always that **the** rich are happy.

B. Insert 'a', 'an' or 'the' wherever necessary in the given sentences. Follow the example :

Example : I lost umbrella that I bought last week.
I lost **the** umbrella that I bought last week.

- Ans.**
1. He is **a** university professor.
 2. This was **a** unanimous decision taken by **the** workers.
 3. Go upstairs and fetch me some old magazines.
 4. **The** Shatabdi express will depart at 5 o'clock.
 5. **The** monkeys are intelligent animals. But they are **not** the most intelligent of all animals.
 6. **The** Lion is **a** dangerous animal.
 7. Shakespeare was **a** great playwright.
 8. **The** cow is **a** domestic animal.
 9. Mt Everest is **the** highest peak in **the** world.
 10. He is **the** most intelligent student in **the** class.

C. Fill in the blanks in the following passage with appropriate articles. Put (7) if no article is required :

Ans. Isaac Newton was a famous scientist. He was born in (7) England in (7) 1643. Isaac's father passed away (7) two months before he was born. He didn't have **a** happy childhood. He was not **a** very attentive in studies while he was at school. **The** school reports described him as “idle” and “inattentive”. So he was taken out of school to look after **the** estate that his mother owned. Soon it was proven that he was no good at looking after **the** estate that his mother owned. Soon it was proved that he was no good at looking after **the** property. It is because of **an** active interest of his uncle that he was sent again to **a** school. This time he did well in (7) his studies. **The** headmaster of **the** school Mr Stokes, took **the** interest in young Newton. Though nothing is known about his preparations for **the** university, we can guess that as **an** able teacher, Mr Stokes must have prepared his pupil with **the** good grounding to enter **the** university.

D. Read the paragraph given below. Some articles have been omitted from it. Fill in the missing articles and rewrite the paragraph.

Ans. I left **the** place eager to learn. Everything had **a** name, and each name gave birth to **a** new thought. As we returned to **the** house, every object I touched seemed to quiver with **the** life. I entered **the** house. I remembered **the** broken doll. It was **a** gift from Miss Sullivan. I felt my way to **the** hearth and picked up **the** pieces. My eyes filled with tears. I was filled with **a** sense of regret. Incident proved to be **the** turning point in my life. Not only had I learnt **the** importance of words, I had also understood what **a** nice teacher I had. I had been given **an** opportunity to explore **the** wide world of language. **The** children who hear acquire language without any particular effort. **A** deaf child

is at disadvantage. The process of learning language is slow one. The deaf child does not learn in **a** month. It was long time before I had something appropriate to say at **a** right time.

12 Use of Prepositions



Time To Work

A. Choose the correct Prepositions given the brackets :

- Ans.** 1. **Besides** giving me food, he provided me with money.
2. You should go **on** foot to reduce your weight.
3. The girl is sitting **beside** her mother.
4. The three brothers are quarrelling **among** themselves.
5. It has been raining **since** 6 a.m.
6. I have not met him **since** his last birthday.
7. Many servants wait **on** him.
8. She was born **in** a small village.
9. He slept soundly **for** three hours.
10. The tiger pounced **upon** the goat.

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable Prepositions :

- Ans.** 1. She is amenable **to** reason
2. The juice of this herb is an antidote **to** snake bite.
3. She has a great insight **into** human character.
4. Never boast **of** your wealth.
5. He showed himself hostile **to** my proposal.
6. Such a charge is a great slur **on** his character.
7. He was restored **on** his former position.
8. Good must eventually triumph **over** evil.
9. Hard work is indispensable **to** success in life.
10. Excessive familiarity leads **to** contempt.

C. Correct the following sentences and rewrite them in the spaces gives alongside :

- Ans.** 1. She was born in Mumbai.
2. The prince is heir of the throne.
3. I do not agree to your point of view.
4. We should never mock of others.
5. The boys jumped into the pond.
6. He has no claim on his father's property.
7. I am in this service for five years.
8. The naughty boy ran across the street.
9. The bridge over the river is very old.
10. She has no complaint against me.

13 Conjunctions



Time To Work

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions :

- Ans.** 1. He looked **because** he had been weary.
2. Take heed **otherwise** you should fall.
3. I was angry **so** I did not reveal my feelings.
4. Wisdom is better **than** rubbies.
5. We continued our journey **while** we were tired.
6. I shall not attend the marriage **unless** I am invited.
7. He will do well in life **because** he is sincere.
8. Rabia is pretty **but** not proud.
9. Seema will leave **after** the vacation starts.
10. I cannot dismiss him **because** he is my oldest employee.

B. Correct the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. This is the book which was given to me by you.
2. I am doubtful if he may win a prize.
3. Fear whether we may fall down or not.
4. The bus was so crowded that you could not get off.
5. He speaks English as his teacher does.
6. I shall not forgive him until he apologizes.
7. You are neither industrious nor honest.
8. He takes exercise daily but he falls it.
9. He walked fast yet he missed the bus.
10. Neither he worked nor let others to do.

C. Join each pair of the following sentences by means of a suitable Conjunction :

- Ans.** 1. I was exhausted **but** I had to go out.
2. The car was damaged in the accident **and** the driver was seriously hurt.
3. He was ill **so** he did not go for the excursion.
4. He wanted to know **if** I would vote for him.
5. The lecture was boring **and** long.
6. The playground is watered **so** cannot play today.
7. **You** wish that it shall be done.
8. The hard-fought game lasted two hours **but** there was no result.
9. **Though** she ran fast, she missed the train.
 or
 She ran fast **but** missed the rain.
10. She has not give up **though** she knows the obstacles.



Time To Work

A. Report the following in the Indirect Speech :

- Ans.**
1. I told him that it was a thing of past.
 2. Our teacher said that coal and petroleum are fossil fuels.
 3. Rubal said that, that was the place where he lived.
 4. Mother said that Rita had viral fever and was resting.
 5. The clerk informed us that he was very busy then.
 6. Priya told Tom that they were waiting for him.
 7. She told her friend that she could not come with her then.

B. Report the following in the Indirect Speech :

- Ans.**
1. Vicky said that he would think about to go away for a day or two.
 2. Ravi observed that the road might be blocked the next day.
 3. Carlos said that he had seen Maria in the supermarket the previous day.
 4. The teacher said that he would prove then that the Earth moves round the sun.
 5. Rupali proposed that they should watch the film on T.V.
 6. The teacher said that I did not need to stay on after the class.
 7. He says everyday that this climate will not suit his health and he must go away a soon as he can.

C. Report the following in the Indirect Speech :

- Ans.**
1. Wilson enquired Marry if could come along.
 2. The teacher asked the boys when the match had ended .
 3. He asked his father if he might go to playground that day.
 4. Oliver requested his master to have some more food.
 5. Jenny asked me why I didn't come over to dinner on Sunday.
 6. Alice asked her mother whether she would wear her new dress that evening.
 7. The priest asked whether he knew that God rules and governs all things.
 8. The director asked the young applicant whether it was first time that he had applied for a manager's post.

D. Rewrite the following sentences by changing their Narration :

- Ans.**
1. The mother begged them not to hurt her child.
 2. The teacher ordered the boys not to move.
 3. The boy asked his friend with request if he would lend him his camera.
 4. He told Rohan that he had to apologize.
 5. The beggar requested the gentleman to give him something to eat.
 6. He shouted angrily not to sit on his clothes.
 7. The gardener ordered the boys to get off the grass immediately.
 8. The judge ordered to call the accused.
 9. Mother ordered Susan not to leave the door open.

10. The security officer ordered the boys not to stand there.

E. Report the following in the Direct Speech :

- Ans.**
1. Shivani said to her mother, "Can I wear the red sari?"
 2. The teacher said to the students, "I will be on leave tomorrow."
 3. He asked me, "Do you have anything to say?"
 4. The people said, "How terrible a storm was!"
 5. The old mouse said, "Who will bell the cat?"
 6. She said to me, "How old are you?"
 7. My mother said to me, "Be sincere in your duties."
 8. The stranger said to me, "Thank you for your timely help given to me."
 9. She enquired Sonu, "Can you change place with me?"
 10. My friend said to me, "Let's wait till the rain stops."

15 Phrases and Clauses



Time To Work

Circle the main word in the phrases in the sentences below. Identify the types of the phrases. One has been done for you :

- Ans.**
1. My uncle is very fat.
Noun Phrases Adjective Phrases
 2. The Chairman of the board of governors attended the convention.
Noun Phrases verbs phrases
 3. I went through the documents again and again.
Adverbial phrases
 4. Did you **enjoy reading** this book?
 5. The players of the team are **ordered to report to** the captain by evening.
Noun phrases Verb phrases
 6. The finalist wore a gown made of diamonds.

Time To Work

Complete each of these sentences by adding a suitable Noun Clause beginning with the words given in brackets :

- Ans.**
1. I wish to know **how he has done his work**.
 2. I wonder **where he was**.
 3. It seems **that everything is well**.
 4. She has a car **which she bought yesterday**.
 5. It is uncertain **whether her answer is true or not**.
 6. **When he will arrive** is not known to us.

Time To Work

Pick out the Adjective Clauses in the following sentences and say which Noun or Pronoun each qualifies :

- Ans.** 1. He **laughs best who laughs last.** (Pronoun)
 2. This is the tomb **that Humanyun built.** (Noun)
 3. Those were the days **when everybody lived in peace.** (Noun)
 4. The man **who is at the desk** is a senior clerk. (Noun)
 5. I thanked everyone **who helped me** write the novel. (Noun)
 6. Uneasy lies the head **that wears a crown.** (Noun)
 7. I remember the hospital **where I was born.** (Noun)
 8. The person **who helped me the most** is my father. (Noun)
 9. The forest **through which we travelled** was horrible and dark. (Noun)

Time To Work

A. Complete the following sentences by adding Adverb Clauses mentioned in the brackets :

- Ans.** 1. Put the money **where you want.**
 2. Respect others **so that you may get love.**
 3. He did not buy the house **because it was very costly.**
 4. So terrible earthquake struck the city **so we could not hide ourselves.**
 5. She was walking **as I have told her.**
 6. Please meet me **where you want.**
 7. The leader got respect **wherever he went.**
 8. I am younger **than my brother.**

B. Pick out the Adverb Clauses :

- Ans.** 1. Asif will call us **when he locates** the address.
 2. **If you do not mend your ways,** you will have to suffer.
 3. I want you to be back **before it is dark.**
 4. His mother died **when he was young.**
 5. We were late **because we did not get a cab.**
 6. **As the Principal was not in the office,** I handed over my application to the Superintendent.
 7. **Though he is very rich,** he never spares a penny for the needy.
 8. She received all the praise for the good work **though she does not deserve it.**

C. Combine each pair of sentences below into sentence :

- Ans.** 1. The sum is very simple **that even** a child can solve it.
 2. He was fined **because he** had kept the book for too long.
 3. I shall return **even** in it snow.
 4. She was walking **as** she was in hurry.
 5. I am not wealthy **but I** will still be a successful businessman.
 6. My father is old **yet he** enjoys good health.
 7. Gaurav **and** Raghav are equally intelligent.
 8. We should run fast **otherwise we** will miss the train.



Time To Work

A. Fill in the blanks with the suitable form of verbs given in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. The trespassers **will be** prosecuted.
2. The criminal was **hanged** till death.
3. Please do not disturb me, I **am doing** my homework.
4. At this time next week, we **will enjoy** our vacation.
5. This journal **appears** once in a month.
6. Only the brave **deserves** the fair.
7. Religion never **teaches** hatred.

B. Rewrite the passage using the Simple Present Tense of the words given in the brackets :

- Ans.** 1. attract - attracts 2. remain - remains 3. start - starts
4. take - takes 5. eat - eats 6. dress - dresses
7. step - steps 8. be - are 9. focus - focuses
10. drive - drives

C. Complete the following sentences with the correct tense of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans.** 1. lost 2. could 3. reaches 4. bury
5. declared 6. will be 7. is 8. prepare
9. save 10. is

D. Change the following sentences as shown in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. She has written letters.
2. Has he gone to New York?
3. The labourers are falling the trees.
4. The brothers had quarrelled over property.
5. They had been living here for ten years.
6. He trusted me.
7. Students will have taken the test.
8. Salman will write a novel.
9. The sun sets at 6:30 p.m.
10. She was expecting her father's arrival.

E. Correct the following sentences :

- Ans.** 1. He goes for a walk at 6:00 in the morning.
2. I received your letter yesterday.
3. Kavya has grown up in a village.
4. Time and tides wait for none.
5. He hung his grandfather's portrait in the drawing room.
6. It has been raining since 6 a.m.
7. It have not seen the movie. 'The Half Blood Prince' yet.
8. This shopping mall will be completed by the end of this year.

9. Mathematics is difficult to grasp.
10. I have been writing on an article since twelve noon.

F. Fill in the blanks with simple future or future continuous forms of the verbs given in the brackets :

- Ans.**
2. When Dinesh's flight lands, Suresh **will board** another flight at the same airport.
 3. We **shall not delay** her any further; her mom **will be waiting** for her at home.
 4. Deepak has had fever since last night. He **will not come** to school tomorrow.
 5. I **will come** to your house first and then we **will go** together for the movie.
 6. Don't worry if you haven't yet received any letter from your uncle. He **will write** to you soon.
 7. Rita and Maheen travel to work by the same train. They **will meet** each other this morning.
 8. When Ali **will reach** home, his mother **will be cooking** dinner for the family.

G. Fill in the blanks with the future perfect tense forms of verb given in the brackets :

- Ans.**
2. By 6 p.m. tomorrow I **shall have finished** writing this essay.
 3. The medical scientists **will have discovered** a cure for cancer within the next twenty years.
 4. Several countries in South Asia **will have risen** as powerful nations in the next decade.
 5. Sheila is in charge of the annual maintenance of these machines. She **will have checked** all the machines before this week ends.
 6. By 2020, we **shall have educated** all the children in the country.
 7. My brother **will have left** for Mumbai by next week.

17 Synthesis



Time To Work

A. Combine each set of Simple Sentence into one simple sentence by using infinitives :

- Ans.**
1. It is time to feed the kitten.
 2. The administration is worried to know the situation growing worse day by day.
 3. The referee told the player to go.
 4. Your teachers will be delighted to hear of your success.
 5. Shikha is too clever to fail.

B. Combine each set of sentences into one simple sentence by using adverbs or adverbial phrases :

- Ans.** 1. You can buy that pen which is available at every shop.
2. This project whose cost not to be counted, must be counted.
3. Many students who are not legible are scribble.
4. Luckily we scaped unhert.
5. The robbers surrendered unconditionally.

C. Combine each set of sentence into one simple sentence by using participles :

- Ans.** 1. Seeing a snake he ran away.
2. Raising his gun the hunter shot this thief.
3. Hearing some noise the thief ran away.
4. Being charmed by the painting she bought it.
5. Reaching his home he saw his friend waiting for him.

D. Combine each set of sentences into once simple sentence by using absolute phrases :

- Ans.** 1. Being my friend's arrival he went for dinner.
2. Being dark the prisoners tried to escape.
3. Being faulty the agreement was cancelled.
4. Being very cold she did not go out for a walk.
5. Being our team winner the principal declared tomorrow a holiday.

E. Combine each set of sentences into one simple sentence by using prepositions with nouns or gerunds :

- Ans.** 1. Due to a heavy rain the roads were flooded.
2. Without our support he will not win the election.
3. There is no doubt for taking the book by you.
4. In spite of being dejected he is still hopeful.
5. In spite of being working hard she has failed.

Time To Work

A. Join each of the following pairs of sentences by using “not only ... but also”, “both ... and”, “as well as”, “and” :

- Ans.** 1. We went to the ground and played the cricket.
2. He is not only rich but also kind.
3. The maid not only washed but also ironed the clothes.
4. They gave us books and money.

B. Join each of the following pairs of sentences by using 'still', 'yet', 'therefore', and 'so' :

- Ans.** 1. He has high fever so he cannot attend the meeting.
2. The doctors tried their best yet the patient died.
3. He was afraid of being late so he ran fast.
4. He was guilty of murder therefore he was hanged.

C. Join each of the following pairs of sentences by using one of the following : either ... or, neither ... nor, or, else, otherwise :

- Ans.** 1. You must apply now otherwise your application will reach late.

2. Give the patient water to drink otherwise he will die of thirst.
3. Read either your book or watch the television.
4. You must work hard otherwise you will not succeed in life.

D. Join each of the following pairs of sentences by using 'for', 'therefore', 'so':

- Ans.**
1. You must go. It is already late.
 2. We all will die one day. We are mortal.
 3. The player suffered from an injury. He could not play.
 4. There were riots. The people remained indoors.

Time To Work

A. Join each pair of simple sentences into a complex sentence by using a noun clause :

- Ans.**
1. The idea is absurd that Ram has stolen the books.
 2. I know that place where he was born.
 3. I want to walk her if I can get some sugar.
 4. Sometimes it was not known in ancient time that the earth moves round the sun.
 5. It is amazing that a man can swim for forty eight hours without stopping.

B. Combine each set of simple sentences into a complex sentence using an adjective clause :

- Ans.**
1. A committee which consists ten members, was formed.
 2. Some people who live in glass houses must not throw stones at others.
 3. This is the whole where snake lives.
 4. The bicycle which belonged to his son was sold by him.
 5. Can you tell me the reason why the attack has failed.

18 Punctuation and Capitalization



Time To Work

A. Supply commas where they are needed :

- Ans.**
1. The dog said, "My dad is scratching at the door and needs to go out for a walk."
 2. Rich and poor; high and low; young and old all must die.
 3. Alexander the great, conqueror of the world, died at the age of thirty two only.
 4. Truth is after all, the most important thing.
 5. If you have a cycle, please lend it Tom, for a while.
 6. Go away, he said to his sons and earn money with your own efforts.

B. Punctuate the following sentences :

- Ans.**
1. "Help, the dogs chasing me."
 2. Let's buy some biscuits, toffees, chocolates and cake for your grandmother.
 3. Portia is the herione of Shakespeare's 'Merchant of Venice.'

4. The teacher said, "Practice makes a man perfect."
5. You may go your way, I mine.
6. May the Lord shower his choicest blessings on you.
7. He, my brother is coming to my office today.
8. J.K. Rowlings potter series are Harry Potter and the Philosophers Stone
The Chamber of Secrets. The Prisoner of Azkban, The Golden Goblet,
The Order of Phoenix, The Half Blood Prince and The Deathly Hallows.

C. Punctuate the following passage and use capital letters where necessary :

- Ans.** 1. Governor Smith stated to the press, "I think that children should study grammar for at least six hours a day learning to speak the write correctly, is far more important than anything else including eating. In fact I believe that eating is a complete waste of valuable time. Fortunately Governor Smith then said, "April Fool."
2. It look us about 80 minutes to finish the yellow rail as we were in no hurry. We could have gone faster but there was a lot of traffic with so many people in the trail. We heard the calls of various birds felt the crunch of gravel beneath or shoes the roughness of trees bark and the softness of moss. We smelt herbs such as lemon grass and mint and fruit such as jack fruit and mango.

19 Vocabulary and Rich Expressions



Time To Work

A. Fill in the blanks with words opposite in meaning to those in colour :

- Ans.** 1. Forgiveness is better than **remembrance**.
2. A country's imports should exceed her **export**.
3. She is respected by her friends as well as **enemies**.
4. Today it is hot but yesterday it was **cold**.
5. An honest man is liked but a **dishonest** is not.
6. Illiterate people believe in superstitions but **literate** do not.
7. Some are wise whereas some are **fools**.
8. Artificial flowers are not costlier than **original** ones.

B. Complete the following sentences with idiomatic comparisons :

- Ans.** 1. As fierce as **a tiger**
2. As fresh as **air**
3. As brave as **a soldier**
4. As bright as **Sun**
5. As easy as **ABC**
6. As poor as **beggar**
7. As industrious as **an ass**
8. As hot as **fire**

4. discovery
5. razor blades

C. Think and answer :

- Ans.**
1. Napoleon might have seen a ghost, therefore his face became white and he was frightened also or he might have been what is going to happen with him in future.
 2. Napoleon might have seen his defeat of future and his stay as a prisoner till death.

Passage-4

Time To Work

A. Now answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
1. Because it is biggest in our solar system.
 2. We can see storm around the Jupiter with a telescope.
 3. Saturn, Jupiter, Uranus, Neptune.
 4. Gravity is the force that keeps people on earth from flying into space.
 5. The little moons will disappear because all that will be left of them will be Jupiter's dusty rings.

B. Fill in each blanks with the correct words from the box :

- Ans.** Almost one hundred years ago, a mathematician **discovered** the existence of a body in the **space**. He called it Planet X. In 1930, an astronomer spotted the **planet** for the first time in the photographs of **solar system**. Since then, the planet was known as Pluto. Pluto is smaller than earth's **moon** and is extremely cold. **Scientists** had argued over whether Pluto is really a planet. Some recent photographs of Pluto showed that it is quite **different** from the other planets. The frozen **gases** across Pluto's **surface** made some scientists think it is not a planet. Now, Pluto is not a planet. There are only eight planets. Pluto is considered as a dwarf planet.

Passage-5

Time To Work

A. Tick (3) the correct answers :

- Ans.**
1. (c) America's first real fairy tale
 2. (c) lands on the Wicked Witch of the East and kills her
 3. (a) He will ask to be brave
 4. (d) they have many adventures on the way there

B. Read each statement. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false :

- Ans.** 1. T 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F

C. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
1. A tornado swept Dorothy's from Kanas.
 2. Glinda is a good witch of the north.
 3. Tin Man did not have a heart.
 4. Dorothy, Toto, Scarecrow, Tin Man and Cowardly Lion went on the yellow Brick Road.

Passage-6

Time To Work

A. Write a short answer for each question :

- Ans.** 1. In large cities millions of rupees are spent on each year on getting rid of the garbage.
2. A seven storey building is approximately 20 metres high.
3. It is expensive, damages the environment, bad smell and poisonous gases are given off.
4. Glass, paper and plastic materials can be recycled.
5. Plastic bags damage the environment and plastic material does not go away.

B. Look at the text and write answers :

- Ans.** 1. Garbage and plastic bags 2. buried 3. stadium
4. pollution 5. recycle

C. Think and discuss :

- Ans.** 1. Do it yourself.
2. We should not use plastic bags. We should recycle things made from paper, glass as well as tin cans.
3. Bad smell, pollution and poisonous gases given off, water pollution are the dangers of the garbage. Recycling, use of only cloth bags and public education and awareness about the danger of garbage should be taught.
4. The recycling of paper, tin cans and glass is very much essential which minimise the quantity of garbage and control the bad effects of pollution.

21 Writing Skills



Time To Work

Write a paragraph on the following topics :

1. Life on a Hill Station

Ans. Do yourself

2. Grow more Trees

Ans. Do yourself

3. The values of Books

Ans. The books are our real friend. They provide us a lot of knowledge. They are the treasure of different kinds of information. We can find anything in the book. We can pass most of our time with them. They can never be proved as traitor. We can find various kind of views it is depended on us what kind of book we like to read. Whenever we are sad, they console us. By reading the books we can find even the oldes information as well as the latest. We can find the books in any subject and any topic. The books are very helpful to us. The books are the record of those people's experience, who share them with the books. In other words we can say that the books are the key of our success.

4. How do Make Tea
Ans. Do yourself

Time To Work

Write notice for the given situations. Remember not to exceed the word limit of fifty words :

- Ans. 1.**

Notice
St Peter's School
Civil Lines Kanpur

Sub : about basket ball match

Date : 26/12/20xx

All the students are informed that basket ball match between Martin House and Charnock House was about to play, is postponed due to some reason. For further information you may contact to Mr Singh-the games teacher.
Principal.

2. Do yourself 3. Do yourself 4. Do yourself

Time To Work

Write an article to be published in a national daily on how to deal with the problem of child labour in the country with the help of the guidelines given below. Give a suitable title also :

- Ans.**

The Sinking Childhood

The child labour is very serious problem in our society. It is the result of illiteracy and increasing of problem. Most of children are the victim who are from the poor family and their burden. Some of the children who escape from their houses and some the children who are or phone. The owner of such victim never care for them and compell them to for unlimited hours for a very low salery and in very dangerous conditions. Such children have to lead their life in very low level. Often such children die in very early age. Sometime they would adopt unfair mean to get more and more money. Such child if they are not cared well they have to be remain uneducated for their whole life. In such condition our society can never be prosperous. So we should check the child labour as soon as possible.

Time To Work

Do the following :

- Ans. 1. The Times of India, New Delhi**

A computer operator is required as situation is vacant. Interested applicant having experience at least one year can submit their resume within a week at my regional office or can send e-mail.

2. Do yourself. 3. Do yourself.
4. Do yourself. 5. Do yourself.

Time To Work

Use the symbols given above to punctuate this text.

- Ans.** "It you are really worried about saving water, you must follow this advice,"

said Prasanjit. "What is the advice" supriya asked. Report and dripping taps to building services if you are at work, but I don't work." She replied. "I know" said Prasanjit I am only reading from this pamphlet it has set out all the points." "Let me read them out to you don't forget to wash your hands turn the tap off while you brush your teeth and rinse at the end with a mug of water, wash vegetables in a bowl not under a running tap.

Half-load Programmes on dishwashers and washing machines use more than half the water and energy of a full load. Wait until you have a full load before switching the machine on. Rainwater is better for plants. Collect, it only use mains tap water as a last resort water plants in the evening to avoid the water evaporating. Always use a watering can rather than a hose. Use a bucket to wash your car rather than a hose. There I have read out the whole pamphlet to you now follow the rules all right.

Time To Work

A. Do's and Don'ts :

Ans. Do yourself.

B. Write articles on the following :

Ans. 1. Do yourself.

2. **Fast Food**

Fast food is a quick solution to satisfy our hunger. It is temporary and time saving solution. It is better for those who have not enough time to cook the food, But this kind of food is not good for health, such kind of food often never be as fresh as others. Such kind of food are often prepared with unknown material, which an not be decided either they are in our favour or in objection. Now a days the fashion of fast food is going to be increased very rapidly, but we should know about their side effects. Some time when we have no time, it is better, but when we taken it regularly, it may dangerous to our health.

3. Do yourself.

Time To Work

Now write debate speeches for these situations. You may choose to write for or against the motion :

Ans. 1. Do yourself

2. In fact Internet is a very great means of information. We can find everything whatever we want. Just imagine when internet service was not available, we have to search numberless books and sometime we could not find the required thing. Internet is the treasure of various kind of information. But we have to decide, what kind of information have to be searched. Our children can make a good use of informations. Internet is very useful for their education. It is the boon of Science. But we have to keep watch on them. We should not let them using the internet with freedom, otherwise this kind of boon can convert into the curse. If our

Dear Sir,

This is to bring to your kind notice that I had purchased a refrigerator, model A-21, vide receipt no-17860 on 25 July, 20XX, from your showroom Aditya home appliances in Chennai for ₹ 6500/-. The warranty card number is W-421.

I am very sorry to inform you that I am not satisfy with your refrigerator. It is not working footedly. Its cooling process is very slow and I suspect that there is a manufacturing defect in the product.

So, I am compelled to report this matter to you in written. I has purchased the refrigerator keeping in mind the excellent reputation of the company enjoys in the market and your efficient after sale service.

Hoping for a swift action from your side for an immediate replacement of my refrigerator as it is still within the warranty period.

Yours sincerely

Shyam Narayan Pandey

- C. You are Shyam/Shyama. You have recently bought a mobile phone from Global Phones. However, the battery seems to need recharging every few hours. Write a letter of complaint to the customer care division of the company. Mention the bill number and the date of purchase as reference.**

Ans. Do yourself.

Time To Work

- A. You were watching some road side performers when your wallet was picked. Write a diary entry :**

Ans. 20 Sept, 20XX

Yesterday, I was going through the main market when I saw some road side performers. I am fond of watching such people, I decided to stand their and watch their activities for sometime. But after sometime when I turned back I found that my wallet was picked. I felt very miserable. But I could not help it.

- B. You witness a life guard saving some children from drowning. Write a diary entry.**

Ans. Do yourself.

Time To Work

Expand the idea contained in the following proverbs :

- Ans.** 1. As we know that we are living in a civilised society. We are living in the world of information technology. Now we are depending on broadcasting technology. But some years ago we depended on print media. In those days as well as now, all the people of every level are afraid of it, because they know well if the print media publish any thing wrong about them, it will not be better for them. In such condition all the people of society do any work thinking if it is proper to everybody and not against the law. For using only a pen any person can express his desire well and make complete to anybody to any work which is suitable to the society. This is why it is told that "A pen is mightier than a sword."
2. Do yourself 3. Do yourself 4. Do yourself

Time To Work

Write essays on the following topics :

Ans. 1. Pollution-Causes and Solution : The word 'pollution' is a noun. It has been formed from the verb 'pollute' which means to make foul or dirty. The modern man may be proud of the progress that he is making in every sphere of life, but this he is achieving at a great price. The fresh air and pure water which we were used to get, are polluted now.

Mainly the pollution is of four kinds air pollution, water pollution, land pollution and noise pollution. The increasing number of factories and industries is the one of the major sources which are increasing all the four kinds of pollution. The waste products of these factories go into the canals and rivers through pipelines and otherwise, thus making their water toxic and unfit for use. Smoking coming out of the chimneys of factories makes the air full of dangerous gases, and noise of the machines and sirens create noise pollution. Dumping of the waste products of these factories creates the land pollution also.

Another main thing which exploits nature and pollutes it is cutting down of trees. It affects almost everything directly or indirectly. Increasing number of vehicles on the roads results in both, the air and the noise pollution.

If this pollution is not checked in time, it will lead to greater health hazards to human beings. It can be checked to a great extent by planned and balanced industrialization. Urbanisation should also be balanced. Industrial waste should be properly dumped and suitable chemicals should be used to destroy this waste and poisonous gases. Deforestation should be stopped and people should be encouraged to grow more and more trees in their neighbourhood.

2. Do yourself

3. Problem of Terrorism : Terrorism means to use terror inspiring methods by terrorists to force a government or a community to make them agree to full-fill their demand. Terrorists disturb the peace of the state and the people. They kill innocent persons and peace-loving community and thus create terror in the hearts of the people.

The evil of terrorism has now become the problem of day-to-day life of most of the countries of the world. In India, terrorism has prevailed in North-eastern India, in Nagaland, Mizoram and Tripura. In Jammu and Kashmir, Pakistan has been creating a great trouble and terror. This neighbouring country has been sending terrorists into our country for many years. The aim of this country is to annex Jammu and Kashmir through creating terror in our country.

Terrorism is always harmful. It can destroy peace and prosperity of a country. The innocent and peace-loving people are killed. So it is the duty of every government to crush terrorism with an iron hand. An international conference should be held to deal this problem of terror under the sponsorship of the united nations.

4. Do yourself